

A STUDY ON RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION PROCESS AT GENXHIRE PVT LTD, MUMBAI.

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ABSTRACT

Recruitment is a process to discover the sources of manpower to meet the requirements of the staffing schedule and to employ effective measures for attracting that manpower in adequate numbers to facilitate effective selection of an efficient workforce. Selection is the process of choosing from among the candidates from within the organization or from outside the most suitable person for the current position or for a future position. Edwin Flippo defines Recruitment and selection process as "A process of searching for prospective employees whilst stimulating and encouraging them to apply for jobs in an organization."

David and Robbins said, "Selection process is a managerial decision-making process to predict which job applicants will be successful if hired." In simpler terms recruitment and selection are concurrent processes and are void without each other.

Once the required number and kind of human resources are determined, the management has to find the places where required human resources are/will be available and also find the means of attracting them towards the organization before selecting suitable candidates for the jobs. All this process is known as recruitment. It is a process to discover the sources of manpower to meet the requirements of the staffing schedule and to employ effective measures for attracting that manpower in adequate number to facilitate effective selection of an efficient workforce.

GENXHIRE Private Limited are an industry leading recruitment consultancy and a strategic, long term HR partner by providing organizations with high-end HR management and expertise that generally costs 50% less than maintaining an in-house HR department GENXHIRE is a company built on the premise of offering innovative, best-class human resources services.

The project was done to study the recruitment and selection process of GENXHIRE Services Pvt. Ltd., this project imbibes the various aspects of recruitment & selection, pertaining to the allotted job roles and responsibilities during my tenure at GENXHIRE Services Pvt. Ltd. With reference to this context, this project is being prepared to put a light on the Recruitment and Selection process of GENXHIRE Services Pvt. Ltd.

This not only taught me about the various practices and processes of their recruitment and selection, but also about the company profiles. The work handled was all the holistic activities of recruitment, interview, scheduling to follow ups and getting feedback after the candidates joining.

In conjuncture this is proved as a highly fruitful endeavour and lead to a wide array of experiences along the way, all the while improving my knowledge in the field of recruitment and selection.

Key Words: *Human resource management, Recruitment, Selection, recruitment process.*

INTRODUCTION



An Overview On Genxhire Private Limited

Summer internship enables a student to experience real life situations in a company and gives an added advantage as it prepares the person to face the future situations. Summer internship program gives management students a chance to enhance their skills and apply their knowledge in actual circumstances.

This summer internship project is on the topic ‘A Study on Recruitment and Selection Process at Genxhire Private Limited Mumbai.’ Recruitment and selection is the process of identifying the need for a job, defining the requirements of the position and the job holder, advertising the position and choosing the most appropriate person for the job.

Undertaking this process is one of the main objectives of management. Indeed, the success of any business depends to a large extent on the quality of its staff. Recruiting employees with the correct skills can add value to a business and recruiting workers at a wage or salary that the business can afford, will reduce costs. Employees should therefore be carefully selected, managed and retained, just like any other resource.

Genxhire specializes at Junior level, Mid-level and Senior level positions ranging from 3Lac to 3Cr CTC. The team is accordingly bifurcated as per the position and the Industry. With the help of my team of 100 plus recruiters, we can commit you on delivery of quality cv's within 24 working hours. They are a dedicated & growing team of highly experienced & skilled professionals trained in recruitment. Every team member has a significant practical knowledge of recruitment in variety of market sectors, while most of them handle all sectors; there are specialists who are industry specific. They are also known as executive search firm that help hire niche and leadership talent for companies that are scaling up. By outsourcing human resource responsibilities to GENXHIRE, their clients can focus on their mission and core competencies, leading to accelerated growth and more efficient operation.

LITERATURE REVIEW

According to Edwin B. Flippo "recruitment is the process of searching for prospective employees and stimulating them to apply for jobs in the organization."

According to Thomas H. Stone, "Selection is the process of differentiating between applicants in order to identify (and hire) those with a greater likelihood of success in a job."

Raymond J. Stone (2005) in the fifth edition of his book *Human Resource Management* defines recruitment as the process of seeking and attracting a pool of applicants from which qualified candidates for job vacancies within an organization can be selected

According to **Edwin B. Flippo**, "Recruitment is the process of searching the candidates for employment and stimulating them to apply for jobs in the organization".

Recruitment is an activity that links the employers and the job seekers. So we can say that recruitment is a process of finding and attracting capable applicants for Employment. The process begins when new recruits are sought and ends when their applications are submitted. The result is a pool of applications from which new employees are selected. In simple

terms, recruitment is understood as the process of searching for and obtaining applicants for jobs, from among whom the right people can be selected.

Work by Alan Price (2007)

Price (2007), in his work *Human Resource Management in a Business Context*, formally defines recruitment and selection as the process of retrieving and attracting able applications for the purpose of employment. He states that the process of recruitment is not a simple selection process, while it needs management decision making and broad planning in order

to appoint the most appropriate manpower. There existing competition among business enterprises for recruiting the most potential workers in on the pathway towards creating innovations, with management decision making and employers attempting to hire only the best applicants who would be the best fit for the corporate culture and ethics specific to the company (Price 2007). This would reflect the fact that the management would particularly shortlist able candidates who are well equipped with the requirements of the position they are applying for, including team work. Since possessing qualities of being a team player would be essential in any management position.

Work by Silzer et al. (2010)

However, the process of recruitment does not cease with application of candidature and selection of the appropriate candidates, but it involves sustaining and retaining the employees that are selected, as stated by Silzer et al. (2010).

Work of Silzer et al. (2010) was largely concerned with Talent management, and through their work they were successful in resolving issues like whether or not talent is something one can be born with or is something that can be acquired through development. According to Silzer et al. (2010), that was a core challenge in designing talent systems, facing the organization and among the senior management. The only solution to resolve the concern of attaining efficient talent management was by adopting fully-executable recruitment techniques. Regardless of a well-drawn practical plan on recruitment and selection as well as involvement of highly qualified management team, companies following recruitment processes may face significant obstacles in implementation. As such, theories of HRM can give insights in the most effective approaches to recruitment even though companies will have to employ their in-house management skills for applying generic theories across particular organizational contexts. Work conducted by Silzer et al. (2010) described that the primary objective of successful talent strategies is to create both a case as well as a blueprint for developing the talent strategies within a dynamic and highly intensive economy where acquisition, deployment and preservation of human capital - talent that matter, shape the competitive advantages and success of many companies.

OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

- 1) To have a conceptual clarity on the concept of recruitment and selection.
- 2) To study the general practices that organizations use to recruit and select employees.
- 3) To study the recruitment and selection practices affect organizational outcomes at Genxhire Private Limited
- 4) To study the area of problem and suggest ways to improve the recruitment and selection process.
- 5) To evaluate the time constraint for the recruitment process.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Research methodology is a way of explaining how a researcher intends to carry out their research. It's a logical, systematic plan to resolve a research problem. A methodology details a researcher's approach to the research to ensure reliable, valid results that address their aims and objectives. It encompasses what data they're going to collect and where from, as well as how it's being collected and analyzed. A research methodology gives research legitimacy and provides scientifically sound findings. It also provides a detailed plan that helps to keep researchers on track, making the process smooth, effective and manageable. A researcher's methodology allows the reader to understand the approach and methods used to reach conclusions.

In statistical analysis, collection of data plays a significant part. The method of collecting information is divided into two different sections, namely primary data and secondary data. In this process, the primary data is assembling data or information for the first time, whereas the secondary data is the data that has already been gathered or collected by others. The most important characteristics of the primary data is that it is original and first-hand, whereas the secondary data is the interpretation and analysis of the primary data.

Primary data is the data that is collected for the first time through personal experiences or evidence, particularly for research. It is also described as raw data or first-hand information. The mode of assembling the information is costly, as the analysis is done by an agency or an external organisation, and needs human resources and investment. The investigator supervises and controls the data collection process directly.

The data is mostly collected through observations, physical testing, mailed questionnaires, surveys, personal interviews, telephonic interviews, case studies, and focus groups, etc. Secondary data is a second-hand data that is already collected and recorded by some researchers for their purpose, and not for the current research problem. It is accessible in the form of data collected from different sources such as government publications, censuses, internal records of the organisation, books, journal articles, websites and reports, etc.

This method of gathering data is affordable, readily available, and saves cost and time. However, the one disadvantage is that the information assembled is for some other purpose and may not meet the present research purpose or may not be accurate.

The questionnaire is mailed to respondents who are expected to read and understand the questions and write down the reply in the space lent for the purpose in the questionnaire itself. The respondents have to answer the questions on their own. The sample size for the study is 100.

Data Sources

There are two types of data sources available to the research processes.

1. Primary data.
2. Secondary data.

1. Primary Data: The primary data is collected by using primary methods such as questionnaires, interviews, observation etc. For this study questionnaires are used to collect primary data from the employees of the industries. We know relatively little on a systematic basis about how or why organizations choose to use different combinations of these strategies, though some of the results reported in the study of recruitment and selection in large firms offers some pointers that are worthy of further exploratory research, particularly among small and medium sized organizations.

Nowadays employees suggest that personality tests are now being routinely used for some occupations in 19 per cent of workplaces, and performance tests are being used in Recruitment and selection in 46% of workplaces. Personality testing seems to be concentrated in larger workplaces and used upon professional, managerial, and sales staff; and performance testing concentrated again in larger workplaces but used for professional and administrative staff. Among the sample of large employers the overall relative ranking of importance of different skill/suitability Assessment methods was as follows

1. Interview
2. Work experience
3. Performance/competency test
4. Qualifications
5. Assessment center

6. Personality/aptitudetest

2.SecondaryData:-

SecondarydataiscollectedfromvariousJournals,books, websites, Governmentreports,Newspapers,andotherresearch reports.

Particulars	Noofrespondents
Newspaper	45
Journals	10
CampusRecruitment	40
EmployeeReferrals	30
Consultancies	25
Total	150

Tableno 1

Analysis

Data analysis is very important aspect of project, as it basically involves the analysis of alltheinformation thatwecollected. Data analysisis a body of methodsthat helpto describefacts, detect patterns,develop explanations and test hypothesis. After analysis ofeachofthequestioninaquestionnairethe interpretation of the same is also being provided whichincludesthe reason aboutthe particular aspect of theorganization.

AnalysisofQuestionnaire

Analysisabout thesourceofrecruitmentfollowedintheselectedindustries

PARTICULARS	NOOFRESPONDENTS
External	30
Internal	20
Both	100
Total	150

Tableno2

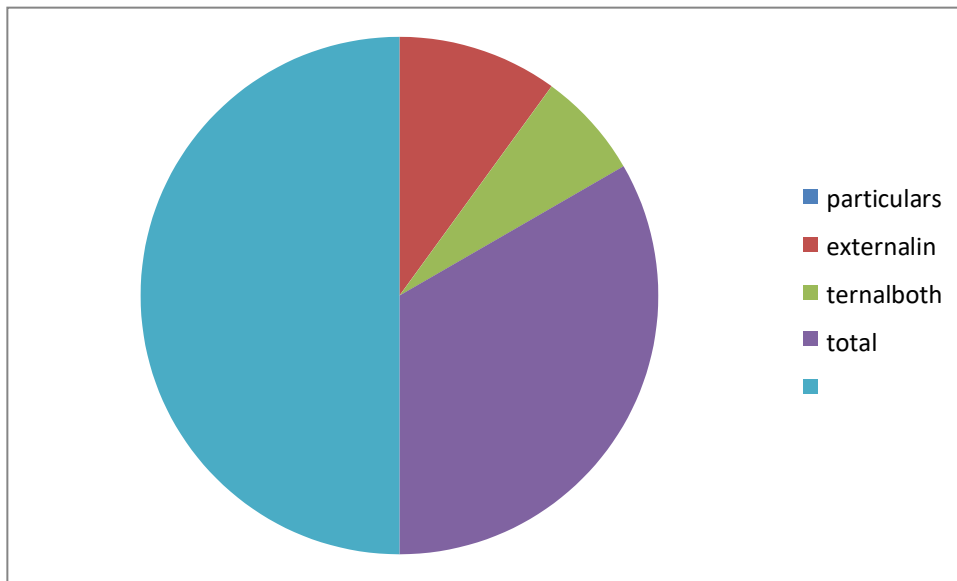


Figure no 1

Interpretation:

From the above table and graph it is observed that, 30 respondents have accepted that the company is following external recruitment sources and 20 respondents have accepted their company is following internal recruitment sources and 100 respondents have expressed that their company is adopting both internal and external recruitment sources.

FINDINGS AND SUGGESTIONS

1. Using this survey the researcher could identify the recruiting modules conducted in the organization, various factors considered for the recruitment and selection process and the satisfaction level of the employee towards the recruiting.
2. Most of the respondent were satisfied but changes are required according to the changing scenario as recruitment process has a great impact on the working of the company as a fresh blood, new ideas enters.
3. Selection process is good but it should also be modified according to the requirements and should job profiles that main objective of selecting the candidate could be achieved.
4. Further from this survey I hope the organization will be benefitted and with the help of the suggestions given the organization can improve its functioning and the overall recruitment and selection process in the organization and its performance will increase.

LIMITATIONS

1. An employee has fear to reveal the negative aspect.
2. The information collected is based on the perception of the respondent.
3. The data needs to be updated at times when it comes to have further usage of this research study report.

CONCLUSION

1. The conclusion is drawn from the study and survey of the company regarding the Recruitment and Selection process carried out there.
2. Using this survey the researcher could identify the recruiting modules conducted in the organization.
3. Further from this survey I hope the organization will be benefited and with the help of the suggestions given the organization can improve its functioning and the overall recruitment and selection process in the organization and its performance will increase.
4. Recruitment is essential for efficiency in the management of the human resources. It is the heart of the whole HR systems in the organization. The effectiveness of many other HR activities, such as selection and training depends largely on the quality of new employees attracted through the recruitment process.
5. Policies should always be reviewed as these are affected by the changing environment. Management should get specific training on the process of recruitment to increase their awareness on the dangers of wrong placements.
6. Effective recruitment is important in achieving high organizational performance and minimizing labour turnover. As of now Genxhire Private Limited has a team of effective human resource which is efficiently managing the organization at its best. Though the recruitment process adopted by the organization needs to be improved, challenges are ahead for the HR Department to recruit people after the effect of recession.
7. In the present competitive & dynamic environment, it has become essential for organization to build and sustainable.
8. In competitive advantage, communication skills set has assumed more importance than even before. Dynamic and growth-oriented organization recognizes Communication as an important aspect of the Recruitment and Selection system for managerial function in a rapidly changing and economic environment.
9. The company should take the suggestions and ideas from the employees and can conduct and examine the communication skill set within the employees. So that they can analyse the need and act accordingly for better results and the growth of its own and valuable workforce.

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